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HISTORICAL AND GENEALOGICAL NOTES AND QUERIES.

CORRECTIONS.

On p. 324, line 6 from bottom, for "Merchant" read "Mariner", p. 335, line 5 from bottom for James Wilson read James Wilton Thomas.

BOLLING.

By some accident in copying or printing, the names of Archibald Bolling, and Catherine Payne his wife, and their children, appearing on pages 35 and 42, of Robertson's **Pocahontas and Her Descendants**, were omitted from the proper place among the children of John Bolling Vol. XXII, p. 332 of this Magazine.

FREE SCHOOL IN ORANGE COUNTY.

The will of Wm. Monroe, of Orange County, in 1769, devised his whole estate "to be disposed towards schooling such poor children as my executors shall think most in want." Governor Barbour wrote of it—the letter is in the State Library—"We commenced with a capital of \$13,000. We have educated over a thousand children, and have increased the capital to over \$30,000. Not a farthing has been lost."

WAR NOTES.

The "Roll of Honor" published elsewhere in the Magazine is a condensed list of all Virginians who have died in the service of their country. In these "War Notes" we will give, as far as our limited space will admit, notices of honors and promotions, of acts of especial gallantry, and will also give fuller notices of some of those who have fallen or are still in service. In the generous rivalry of heroism there is no class; but it is historically interesting to learn how the Americans of the old colonial stock, the descendants of the men who made a free country here, are helping to extend freedom throughout the world. For this reason

the antecedents of some of the Virginians engaged in the World War are given. Those of us to whom the Confederate Army is a precious memory, know that the sons of the men who made it, are certain to do their work like men in the present struggle; but it is pleasant to put some instances of it in print.

To the five sons of Bishop Tucker, of the Diocese of Southern Virginia, noted on p. 311, as being in service, two others should now be added. Rt. Rev. St. George Tucker, P. E. Bishop of Kyoto, accompanied the Allied forces to Siberia, and Dr. Augustus Tucker, who has been a medical missionary in China, is now doing Red Cross work in Siberia. Another Virginian, Dr. Claude M. Lee, who has also been a medical missionary in China, is now a Red Cross worker in Siberia. Dr. Lee is a son of Rev. H. B. Lee, of Charlottesville, who is a brother of Brig. General Edwin G. Lee, C. S. A., and a son of Edmund Jennings Lee, a first cousin of General Robert E. Lee.

Second Lieutenant Paul W. Derrickson, Co. K, 28th Infantry, has been awarded, posthumously, the distinguished service cross. The citation says: "In the advance on Cantigny, May 28, 1918, he courageously went forward with his platoon and reached the position he had been directed to take. Fearlessly walking up and down his line he cheered and directed the work of his men until he was killed."

Captain Edward E. Fuller, of the Marines, a resident of Loudoun County, has been awarded, posthumously, the distinguished service cross. General Pershing says: "while fearlessly exposing himself in an artillery barrage for the purpose of getting his men into a position of security in the attack on Bois de Belleau, June 12, 1918, he was killed, and thereby gave his life in an effort to protect his men."

Lieutenant Hope William Massie, son of Madison Effinger Massie, of Tyro, Nelson County, was killed in action July 19th. Lieutenant Massie, who was a graduate of the Virginia Military Institute, was a descendant of Thomas Massie, Major, 2d Va. Regiment, in the Revolution, and an aide to General Nelson at Yorktown.

Lieutenant Randolph Fitzhugh Mason was killed in action July 20th. He was the eldest son of Rev. Landon Randolph Mason, D. D., of Richmond, and an M. A. of the University of Virginia. Dr. L. R. Mason (who is a descendant of George Mason, author of the Va. Bill of Rights) and five of his brothers were in Confederate service. Their mother, Mrs. Lucy (Randolph) Mason, was a first cousin of Robert E. Lee. Lt. Mason's last letter to his father was printed in the Richmond *News Leader* on September 10th.

Major James Barbour Nalle, of Washington, D. C., reported August 3d as killed in action, was a native of Culpeper County, Va., and a mem-

ber of a family long resident there. Martin Nalle, of Culpeper, served 1756-7, as an officer in the French and Indian War. Major Nalle's Christian names were derived from an ancestress, Nellie Barbour, sister of James Barbour, Governor of Virginia, Secretary of War and Minister to England, and Philip P. Barbour, Speaker of the U. S. House of Representatives and Justice of the U. S. Supreme Court. Major Nalle entered the army in 1898, secured a commission for gallant service in the Philippines, and went to France in January.

On June 29 was reported the death in France of Captain Paul Lee Cocke. Captain Cocke, who was a resident of New York City, was a son of W. A. R. Cocke, of "Lower Brems," Fluvanna County, Va. The emigrant ancestor of the family settled at "Brems," Henrico County, about 1636. "Malvern Hill," another old Cocke estate adjoining "Brems" was the scene of the bloody battle of June, 1862.

The death in action of Captain James Neville Cocke Richards, of Sewanee, Tenn., was reported July 29th. Captain Richards, who was 27 years of age, was a graduate of the Va. Military Institute. He was a native of Petersburg, Va., but removed with his parents to Tenn. when a boy. His parents were Walter Buck Richards formerly of the Mo. School of Mines, and Mary Monro Cocke, a daughter of Captain Henry Harrison Cocke, U. S. N. (of Prince George County). Capt. H. H. Cocke's mother, Ann Carter Harrison, was a niece of Benjamin Harrison, Signer of the Declaration of Independence.

Another of the name, Lt. George William Cocke, son of G. W. Cocke, of Bristol, Va., was reported severely wounded August 8th,

The first commissioned officer from Richmond to fall in action was Lieutenant James Murray McClellan, of the Marine Corps, son of A. L. McClellan, of Hampton Gardens, in the suburbs of the city. Lt. McClellan was 21 years of age and was killed July 18, after exhibiting great gallantry. His last letter to his mother was published in one of our local papers and illustrated his high character and ideals.

The first Richmond soldiers to make the great sacrifice were two sergeants in the Marine Corps. The first to fall was Richard A. Evans, who was soon afterwards followed by Frank L. Tignor. About the middle of July there appeared in the Official Bulletin a statement from a Marine officer in regard to certain machine guns and trench-mortars which had been captured and were to be sent to this country as trophies. The names of a number of men who had shown especial gallantry in the capture of these guns were given and among them was that of Sergeant Richard A. Evans, of Richmond. On August 1st his death from wounds was announced. Just before the receipt of this notice his family had the following letter from his commanding officer, which was printed in the *News Leader*, of August 1st.

"Your son has not only distinguished himself, but has brought great honor and praise on me and the whole Marine Corps, and I take pleasure in telling you that your boy has done wonderful work in the last ten days.

His work has been very strenuous and very dangerous, but he performed his duties bravely. Do not worry. I will take good care of him as long as he is under my command.

(Signed) M. C. OVERTON,
Commanding Seventy-sixth Company, Sixth Regiment."

Sergeant Evans was 21 years of age in March last, and was son of H. A. Evans, 922 Louisiana St., Richmond, Va., a foreman in the Richmond Cedar Works. He enlisted in the Marine Corps in 1914.

Less is known of the services of Sergeant Tignor, but what is known shows that he died in action in a manner becoming the best traditions of his corps. He was also a very young man, was son of Mrs. Margaret Tignor, 310 Scyamore Stree, Richmond, had been superintendent of a garage and enlisted the day after the Presidents called for volunteers.

The first Fredericksburg man to fall represented well known families of that section. He was Private Douglas H. Knox, of the Marine Corps, whose death from wounds was reported August 10th. Mr. Knox was a son of Mrs. Lucy (Brockenbrough) Knox and the late Douglas H. Knox, of Fredericksburg. Lt. Col. Robert S. Knox (son of the late Robert S. Knox, of Fredericksburg) now Adjutant General of the Sixth Division, A. E. F., is a first cousin of Private Knox.

Another old Rappahannock Valley name which appears in the casualty list is that of Private George S. Battaile, who was wounded July 14. He is a son of the late John Battaile, of Petersburg and Caroline county. His emigrant ancestor, Capt. John Battaile, commanded a company of rangers defending the frontier in 1692, &c.

The family of Pannill, of Henry County, has given the lives of two of its members for the great cause. On Aug. 8 was reported the death in action of Private George E. Pannill, son of Mrs. E. R. Pannill, of Martinsville and on Sept. 12 was reported the death from wounds of Private Jeb Stuart Pannill, son of the same lady. Captain Augustus Hunter Pannill, of Danville, a first cousin of the gallant brothers, enlisted with Canadian Army in 1914, was promoted to the rank of Captain, was very severely wounded and received the French War Cross. These young men were nearly related to General J. E. B. Stuart, whose mother was Elizabeth Pannill.

The first soldier from Petersburg who was killed was Robert Blacker, son of Israel Blacker, who fell in action on July 15th.

Two young Virginians, lieutenants in the Aviation Corps, are missing in action: George Preston Glenn, of Lynchburg, on July 20th, and Charles B. Sands, son of Conway R. Sands, of Richmond, August 19th.

Among the soldiers of Virginia descent who have given their lives for their country are John Overton, of Tennessee, Lieutenant in the Marine Corps, a famous college athlete, who was killed July 19th. Nine members of this family (founded by William Overton, who came to

Virginia before 1681) fought in the Revolution and a branch has long been resident of Tennessee. George Patullo, writing in the **Saturday Evening Post**, of the "Heroes of Belleau and Boursches", says of another member of this family, also a Lieutenant of Marines: "Lieutenant M. C. Overton assumed command of his company at a moments notice and lead them against a supposedly impregnable gun position in the Bois He captured it too."

Another death of an officer having many Virginia connections was that of Lieutenant Paul Carrington Venable, of Durham, N. C. His father, formerly of Danville, Va., was a nephew of Col. Charles S. Venable, aide to General Lee.

Another was that of Lieutenant Richard S. Bullitt, of Philadelphia. His family has long been resident in Kentucky and Pennsylvania; but descends from Cuthbert Bullitt, Judge of the General Court of Virginia, whose brother Thomas Bullitt, distinguished himself in the French and Indian War and served as a colonel of Virginia troops in the Revolution.

On August 3d, 2d Lieut. Charles A Etheridge, of the Marine Corps, was reported severally wounded. A war correspondent wrote: "Lt. Charles A. Etheridge, intelligence officer, found a gap in the American line on the night of June 12th, and posted himself there with eight men from the Engineers. They killed and captured twelve of the boches who were trying to filter through." Lt. Etheridge is from Norfolk and comes of old colonial stock in that vicinity, as his emigrant ancestor, Thomas Etheridge, died in Lower Norfolk County in 1671.

Another Norfolk man who distinguished himself was Lieutenant Lemuel C. Sheppard, of the Marines, a son of Dr. Sheppard of that city. After receiving a bullet wound in the neck he remained in action many hours and only retired when knocked down by a shell explosion. He has received the distinguished service cross.

Among the officers of the divisions commended by General Pershing for gallantry in the battle of the Marne were several Virginians: Col. Beverly Fielding Browne, 5th Field Artillery, who was born in 1880 and is a West Pointer; Col. Wendell C. Neville (aged 48) commanding the 6th Marine Regiment, a graduate of Annapolis; and Lt. Col. Creed Fulton Cox (age 41), commanding the 13th Field Artillery, who is also a West Point graduate. Col. William C. Rivers, of Tenn., commanding the 76th Field Artillery, is a descendant of a Brunswick County family, which many years ago emigrated to Tenn. Older members of the society will recall his father, the late Flournoy Rivers, as a frequent contributor to the early volumes of this Magazine.

The distinguished service cross has been conferred on Edmond Fenwick, of Falls Church, a member of the University of Virginia Ambulance unit. In the action of June 7th, near Abelle, though seriously wounded, he walked some distance and procured assistance for three wounded soldiers.

Captain David S. Doggett, son of S. Brooke Doggett, of Richmond, received the distinguished service cross in August. He is another example of how the old American stock is doing its duty. His emigrant ancestor Rev. Benjamin Doggett, of Lancaster County, died in 1682. Capt. Doggett has since been promoted to Major.

In September Captain Bernard H. Kyle, 12th Field Artillery was cited for the distinguished service cross for gallant conduct on August 14, in front of Vieray, where he established the batallion aid station and carried on his work in a calm and inspiring manner throughout the day. He is a son of Mrs. Ella Kyle, of Lynchburg, was commissioned 1st Lieutenant June 1917, and promoted to Captain, Sept. 1917.

Captain Abram Penn Craddock, Jr., of Lynchburg, while leading a raid against the enemy on May 24th, received seventeen wounds from a hand grenade. He was then 1st Lt., Co. G, 54th Infantry, but has since been promoted to a Captaincy, and returned to the United States in September as an instructor.

Among the Virginians promoted during the summer was Col. Richard Coke Marshall to Brigadier General. He is a graduate of the Virginia Military Institute. His father, Col. Richard C. Marshall, of Portsmouth (a descendant of Chief Justice Marshall), served gallantly in the Confederate Army and surrendered at Appomattox.

Brigadier General Littleton Waller Tazewell Waller, of the Marine Corps, was promoted to Major General. General Waller, who has had a long and distinguished career, is a grandson of Governor and United States Senator, Littleton Waller Tazewell. An interesting connection with a great soldier is that General Waller's brother, Robert Page Waller, married the only daughter of General J. E. B. Stuart.

Brigadier General William Lassiter was promoted to Major General. He is a son of the late Dr. D. W. Lassiter, of Petersburg, and a brother of the late Francis Rives Lassiter, M. C., and of former State Senator, Charles W. Lassiter, of Petersburg, who is now doing Y. M. C. A. work in France.

Another native of Petersburg is Brigadier General Leroy S. Lyon, promoted to Major General. He is a son of the late Captain John Lyon, himself a brave Confederate soldier.

Among the naval promotions in August were: Capt. Thomas Washington (of North Carolina) to the temporary rank of Rear Admiral; Lt. Commander Herbert C. Cocke to Commander; and Lieutenant Commanders Theodore G. Ellyson and Russell G. Crenshaw (both of Richmond) to the temporary rank of Commander.

In a list of Corps, Division and Regimental commanders under General Pershing, published on Sept. 8, by the **New York Times**, with the consent of General Peyton C. March, Chief of Staff, were the following Virginians: Brig. General George Hairston Jamerson, 159th Infantry Brigade (West Point 1889); Brig. General William Robert Dashiell,

11th Infantry Brigade (West Point 1884); Col. Meriwether Lewis Walker, 116th Rgt. Engineers (West Point 1889, nephew of Brig. General R. Lindsay Walker, C. S. A.); Lt. Col. Creed F. Cox, commanding 13th Rgt. Field Artillery; Col. Clarence Deems, Jr., 321st Rgt. Field Artillery (West Point, 1895); Col. Hugh Douglas Wise, 61st Infantry Regiment (West Point, 1889, son of John S. Wise, and grandson of Governor Henry A. Wise); Col. Brooke Payne, 20th Rgt. Field Artillery (West Point, 1891, son of Charles Edward Fitzhugh Payne, of Warrenton, and Jeannie M. Brooke his wife, and nephew of Brig. General W. H. Payne, C. S. A.); Lt. Col. Henry Newton Cootes, Chief of Staff, 78th Division (Commissioned 2d Lieut. 1878); Major Edward Murray Offley, 308th Machine Gun Battalion (Commissioned 2d Lieut. 1901, son of Holmes Offley, of Loudoun Co., and his wife Lucy Cleland Nelson, a descendant of General Thomas Nelson); Major Jennings C. Wise, 314th Machine Gun Battalion (of Richmond, brother of Col. H. D. Wise); Lt. Col. William Tidball, Commanding 315th Rgt. Field Artillery (West Point, 1896); Lt. Col. Robert S. Knox, Adjutant General, 6th Division (Commissioned 2d Lt. 1898, referred to above); Col. William Douglas Newhill, 3d Rgt. Field Artillery (West Point, 1893); Col. George Mercer Brooke, 301st Rgt. Field Artillery (Commissioned 2d Lt. 1899, son of that very distinguished officer, Capt. John Mercer Brooke, U. S. and C. S. N., grandson of Major General George Mercer Brooke, U. S. A., and a descendant of Col. George Brooke, of the Virginia forces in the Revolution); Col. James P. Jervy, 304th Regt. Engineers (West Point, 1888), and Col. Robert H. Allen, 337th Rgt. Infantry (Commissioned 2d Lt. 1895).

The Chief of Staff, General Peyton Conway March, is himself half a Virginian. As is well known his father was the distinguished Professor Francis A. March, a native of Mass., but his mother, Margaret Mildred Conway, was the daughter of Walker Peyton Conway, of Fredericksburg, whose emigrant ancestor, Edwin Conway, came to Virginia about 1640.

Lieutenant John H. Randolph, 11th Infantry, was reported wounded August 10th. He is a son of Wilson Cary Nicholas Randolph, of Lynchburg, and a great grandson of Thomas Jefferson. Jefferson has a number of other descendants in service.

General Thomas Nelson, Governor of Virginia, Signer of the Declaration of Independence, and commander of Virginia troops at Yorktown, also has a number of descendants in service. One of them is Lieutenant Thomas Page Nelson, eldest son of Thomas C. Nelson, who is eldest son of Rev. George Washington Nelson, of Warrenton, and so on through eldest sons to General Nelson.

Lieutenant John Tyler Ellis, grandson of President John Tyler, is with the army in France.

Major Clifford C. Early, of Lynchburg, nephew of General Jubal E. Early, was promoted to the rank of Lt. Colonel in September.

NOTES FROM THE RECORDS OF PRINCESS ANNE COUNTY.

"Col. Thomas Walke's will."

Thomas Walke, of Princess Anne County, Merchant, To son Anthony land lying in the Eastern Branch and all land at Back Bay, securing to my wife her thirds; also to Anthony a lot of land in Norfolk Town and three slaves. To son Thomas my land and houses in New Town, a tract of land at the head of Lynhaven River, and two slaves, & also to him all the smiths tools that belong to the Smiths shop in New Town. To daughter Elizabeth Walke five slaves when she is 16 years of age or marries. To daughter Katherine Walke two slaves when she is 16 years of age or marries. To wife £50 for bringing up and educating the children; also all my stocks of horses, cattle, sheep and hogs, one bed and furniture (her choice) and two slaves. Four slaves to be appraised with the estate not otherwise devised, and the whole, after debts &c are paid, to be divided between the children. All plate to be equally divided. Wife Katherine and brother Anthony Walke executors. Dated March 23d, 1722, proved Feb. 25, 1723.

"Major Thomas Walke's will."

Thomas Walke of Princess Anne County. To wife Mary Anne £500 current money, 10 cows and calves, 10 ewes and lambs, 5 sows and pigs, 2 yoke of oxen, a work horse and mare, hoes, harrows &c at the Bay side, 2 beds and furniture, the desk, bookcase, tables, pots &c that were hers, and the mill at the Bay side—in full of her share or part of my estate. If son Thomas lives and my wife is unmarried she may remain where she is until the children come of age, on condition of keeping the houses in repair. To daughter Elizabeth Williamson the lot and houses where she now lives, and also 50 acres of land (out of what I bought of Richard Williamson) adjoining the land where Richard Williamson lived, and also 50 acres of marsh with all my stock of cattle and sheep at Cedar Island, and 3 cows and yearlings, already in her possession, two sows and pigs, the black riding mare, 5 negroes, 2 beds and furniture, 3 tables and all the chairs, trunks, chests, &c now in her house, and one fourth part of the dry goods I shall have in the store, of which her husband, Capt. Charles Williamson has entered into partnership with me. If she dies without children these bequests to revert to my daughter Molly. To daughter Molly Walke my easternmost lot at Kemps Landing, with the new houses &c thereon, also 150 acres of land where Tully Williamson formerly lived, also 50 acres of swamp land, also 100 acres of land and marsh, 8 negroes, cows, ewes, lambs, pigs, 1 yoke of draft oxen, my bay mare and colt at the Bay side, 2 beds and furniture, one gum desk, 2 tables, all the good pewter in the house and 2 £50. To daughter Frankney Walke my plantation at a place called Bowrons river containing under 800 acres and my island and marsh called Doe Island, 7 negroes, cows,

&c, 1 pair of draft oxen and £50. To my daughter Peggy Walke my lowermost lot or quarter of land and marsh with the house and wharf thereon and £600 current money. To daughter Ann Walke £600 current money and two negroes. To son Thomas Walke my plantation where I dwell on the Eastern Shore, and desire the houses to be finished and furnished with glasses, maps, 1 desk, 4 good tables, all of walnut, and cherry chairs, 3 good beds and furniture, also one-third of the lands and marshes an old Currituck Inlet, which I lately bought of Mr. Charles Lawson, and 16 negroes. If he dies without issue then the property bequeathed is to revert on same terms successively to daughters Molly, Frankey, Peggy and Anne Walke, and nephew Thomas Walke. To son Thomas stock of cattle about old Currituck Inlet (about 100 head) 2 horses, ewes and lambs, sows and pigs, oxen, hoes, carts, &c. A suit of clothes to my good friend James Kempe. To daughter Peggy Walke the remainder of my land when Roger Williamson formerly lived. I give the land I bought of Hezikiah Fentress (about 196 acres) and the land I bought of Aaron Fentress (about 25 acres) for the use of the poor orphans and disabled people of the parish of Lynhaven, Princess Anne County, toward educating and maintaining them, the vestry of the said parish to erect houses thereon for the reception of such poor orphans and others. If more convenient vestry can sell said land and apply the proceeds for breeding negroes for the use of said orphans &c. My cousin Anth.ny Walke, my brother-in-law Capt. Arthur Sayer and sister Sayer, and my good friend Capt. Edward Wright be allowed mourning out of my estate. To brother Anthony Walke all his debts due me and a suit of mourning. To my two nephews John and Anthony Walke, two negroes. I have a share in Kempes Company store (kept by my brother). I give the rights of said store to said nephews and my brother to have the use until they are of age. Sufficient provisions to be allowed my wife and family. To son Thomas rest of estate. I give cousin Anthony Walke care of my daughter Molly, my brother-in-law Capt. A. Sayer care of my daughter Frankey (but she to live with Mr. Newton if she pleases), Capt. James Kempe to have care of my daughter Peggie, and Capt. Edward Wright of daughter Anne. My good friend Capt. Anthony Walke, brother-in-law Capt. Arthur Sayer, Capt. J. Kempe, Capt. Edward Wright, Capt. Jonathan Saunders and brother Anthony Walke, executors. Dated March 28, 1760, proved June 16, 1761.

Deed, Dec. 28, 1767, from Mary Ann Phripp, of Princess Anne, sometime widow of Major Thomas Walke, and now relict of John Phripp, gent., deceased, conveying to Capt. John Calvert of Norfolk County, for £10.15, all her dower interest in a tract in Lynhaven parrish (173¾ acres) being land bequeathed by her former husband, Major Thomas Walke to his daughter, Peggy Walke, now wife of said Capt. John Calvert.

Deed, June 4, 1718, from John Thoroughgood of Princess Anne, son and heir of Col. John Thoroughgood, late of Princess Anne, deceased, to William Thoroughgood, of same county, gent., conveying, for 40 shillings, 2½ acres of land on the south side of the mouth of Lynhaven River, being part of 60 acres my father and 23 others bought of Argall Thoroughgood, of same county, deceased, July 4, 1695, lying on Princess and Queen streets.

Deed, Feb. 4, 1718, from John Thoroughgood and Pembroke, his wife, only surviving child of Mr. George Fowler, deceased, of Princess Anne County, conveying to Charles Sayer, for £120 current money, all the all the land where George Fowler lived and died (276 acres), and all the remainder of a tract called Puggett's Neck (430 acres), granted to said Fowler in 1673 and 1695.

Deed, May 4, 1719, from Thomas Thoroughgood, of Princess Anne, son and heir of Robert Thoroughgood, late of Princess Anne, deceased, conveying to William Thoroughgood, gent., for 40 shillings, 2½ acres of land on the south side of the mouth of Lynhaven River, part of a tract said Robert and 23 others bought.

Inventory of Argall Thoroughgood, March 27, 1719, £66.13.

Will of John Thoroughgood, of Princess Anne. Son John (including land called Puggett's Neck). Executors to sell land on which Mr. George Fowler lived, &c., wife and two children. Wife Pembroke, daughter Margaret, son John. Sister Mary Thoroughgood 10 shillings for a mourning ring, son John razor case, silver spoons marked "A. & L.," and all rest of plate. To my tender loving mother Margaret Sayer £4 for a mourning suit. To father Charles Sayer 15 shillings for a mourning ring. Brother Arthur Sayer a foal. Dated March 16, 1718, proved Jan. 3, 1719.

Will of Adam Thoroughgood, of Princess Anne, wife Mary, child she is with, nephew Adam son of my brother William Thoroughgood, niece Mary Thoroughgood daughter of brother William, cousin John son of of my brother Argall Thoroughgood, three godchildren Elizabeth Sayer, and Mary Ann and Margaret daughters of John Thoroughgood, deceased. Wife and brother William Thoroughgood executors, dated May 4, 1719, proved Jan. 3, 1719.

Deed, Aug. 2, 1720, from Thomas Thoroughgood, of Princess Anne, gent., and Margaret his wife, daughter and legatee of Mrs. Sarah Clows, late deceased, conveying to Charles Sayer for £100, 5 negroes.

Will of Sarah Clouse, to Jonathan Walke a silver porringer that came from Barbadoes. To Anthony Walke (my son-in-law) 2 negroes. To my daughter Susannah Thoroughgood 2 negroes, &c. &c. To my daughter Margaret Clouse 4 negroes, &c. To Cason Moore son of Cason Moore, and Henry Moore, son of Henry Moore. To my son Cason Moore. To my son Henry Moore. Dated April 6, 1719, Codicil containing bequest to grandson James Learmont. Proved May 6, 1719.

Deed, April 1, 1709, from Mary Thoroughgood, of Princess Anne, formerly wife of William Moseley, conveying to his son William Moseley, of said county, mariner, two plantations containing 320 acres, in Lynhaven parish which was the inheritance of William Moseley, deceased, her husband.

Inventory of Col. Adam Thoroughgood, Jan. 18, 1709.

Account with the estate of Capt. Robert Thoroughgood, deceased, Thomas and Robert were his two sons and only surviving orphans, Jan. 12, 1713.

Jan. 12, 1713, account with estate of Lemuel Wilson, deceased, Willis Wilson was his only son and surviving orphan.

Entry stating that William Trevethan had married Dinah executrix of Capt. Robert Thoroughgood, deceased, and administrator of the estate of Lemuel Wilson, deceased, her second husband.

Deed, May 6, 1692, from John Thoroughgood to his daughters Ann and Elizabeth.

Deed, Sept. 20, 1692, from Argall Thoroughgood to his daughter Frances whom he had by Pembroke his wife, for gifts the original of which were given said Frances by her grandfather, Lt. Col. Adam Thoroughgood, deceased, in his lifetime.

Deed, July 5, 1693, from John Thoroughgood conveying land which belonged to his father Lt. Col. Adam Thoroughgood, deceased, and which was divided between said John and his brothers Argall, Robert and Francis Thoroughgood, as by said Adam Thoroughgood's will appears.

Power of Attorney, July 25, 1695, from Francis Thoroughgood, of Somerset Co., Maryland, to his brother Argall Thoroughgood, of Princess Anne Co., Va.

Deed, April 2, 1696, from Argall Thoroughgood to his son Adam, conveying a negro.

Deed, July 5, 1698, from Robt. Thoroughgood, of Princess Anne Co., gent., to George Moseley, of same county, carpenter, and John McCreife, of the same county, tailor, conveying 120 acres, what formerly belonged to his father Lt. Col. Adam Thoroughgood.

Will of Argall Thoroughgood, wife Ann, son Argall, wife with child, sons William and Adam. His loving brother, cousin John and Adam Thoroughgood, and Edward Moseley to divide estate. Loving child Frances Spratt, three sons, daughter Elizabeth. Dated Nov. 25, 1699, proved May 7, 1700.

"Received of sister Margaret Thoroughgood, the full estate of William Thoroughgood, that is to say money, plate, cattle, &c., it being formerly in the hands of my brother Col. Thoroughgood." July 8, 1701-2.

Will of John Thoroughgood, of Princess Anne, son of Lt. Col. Adam Thoroughgood, deceased. Son Anthony house my brother Francis Thoroughgood lived in, daughters Ann and Elizabeth, wife Margaret. Dated Dec. 9, 1701, proved Feb. 7, 1701-2.

Deed from Thomas Lawson, administrator of Col. Anthony Lawson, to his cousins John, Anthony and Margaret Thoroughgood, children of Lt. Col. John Thoroughgood. Refers to their mother, Margaret Thoroughgood. May 6, 1702.

Receipt of Margaret Thoroughgood, widow and executrix of Lt. Col. John Thoroughgood, to Thomas Lawson, "executor of my father Col. Anthony Lawson, deceased."

Will of William Thoroughgood, dated Dec. 10, 1723, proved March 4, 1723-4. Son Argall, wife, daughter Mary Thoroughgood, son Adam, wife Patience and kinsman Thomas Thoroughgood, executors.

Deed, Oct. 3, 1724, from Susannah Thoroughgood to her children John and Pembroke Thoroughgood.

Deed, April 6, 1726, from John Thoroughgood, only surviving son of Col. Adam Thoroughgood, to Katherine Credlove.

Will of Thomas Thoroughgood, dated Feb. 3, 1726, proved March 1 1726. Legatees, children (not named), wife and mother. Reversion to brother Robert Thoroughgood.

(To Be Continued)